

**NIRMALA MATHA CENTRAL
SCHOOL, THRISSUR**

CLASS III

QUESTION BANK

Part 2

2023-24

English
Lesson - 5
The Spider and the Fly

I. Answer in a sentence:-

1. Why does melody come down the stairs to the spider's parlour?
2. Describe the spider's bed.
3. What does the writer advise the reader?
4. How did the spider find the fly to be?
5. Where do the winding stairs lead to?
6. What was the way to the spider's parlour?
7. Which two words does the spider use to describe his sheets?
8. Why did the fly flit back to the web?

II. Fill in the blanks:-

1. The fly thought that somebody was having a
2. The spider's bed has fine
3. The fly began to listening to the spider.
4. The pounced on the fly.
5. The spider said that the fly is smart but he is
6. I have a splendid and my are gauzy.
7. To evil advice, close your, and

III. Refer to the context:-

1. "I'm the prettiest fly among all the others."
 - i) From which lesson is the above lines taken?
 - ii) Who had spoken this and to whom?
 - iii) Why is the person saying so?
2. "Oh! you make me feel so shy..."
 - i) Who said and to whom?
 - ii) Who is 'you' in the above line?
 - iii) Who is 'me' in the above line?

IV. Give antonyms:-

- | | | |
|-----------|--------------|---------|
| 1. snugly | 2. affection | 3. flit |
| 4. clever | 5. learn | |

Lesson 6

Miss Matty Plays a Game

I. Answer in sentence:-

1. How many days were left for the annual match to begin?
2. Which subject did Miss Matty teach?
3. Who was the meanest substitute teacher?
4. After how many days did coach Ahuja return?
5. Summerville School won the match by how many goals?
6. Who was Mr. Nair?
7. At what time did the boys start the practice in the morning?
8. Who was pretending to be whom?
9. Who were the twins?
10. Did Summerville School win the match?

II. Fill in the blanks:-

1. The coach fell
2. Miss trained the students hard.
3. The team did not Coach Ahuja.
4. The Summerville team was very lazy.
5. The Summerville team the match.

III. Refer to the context:-

1. "Please come for practice."
 - i) Name the lesson and its author.
 - ii) Who said this and to whom?
 - iii) Why was it said?

2. "And now, start running around the field."
 - i) Who was speaking this?
 - ii) Why was it said?
3. "Did Summerville School win the match?"
 - i) Who was asking the above sentence?
 - ii) Did they win the match?

IV. Give antonyms:-

- | | | | |
|---------|----------|-----------|-----------|
| 1. lose | 2. happy | 3. refuse | 4. lazy |
| 5. sick | 6. fast | 7. fit | 8. bitter |

Lesson - 7

The Camel's Hump

I. Answer in one sentence:-

1. In the beginning, where did the camel live?
2. Why did the animals complain to the Djinn?
3. Who is in charge of the 'All Deserts'?
4. What did Man want the other animals to do and why?
5. What did the horse ask the camel to do?
6. What made the three very angry and hold a meeting in the corner of the howling desert?
7. Where is this chapter adapted from?
8. What was the Djinn doing to the back of the camel?
9. What is the purpose of the Djinn to have the hump on the camel?
10. What do we call the 'hump' on the camel's back now?

II. Fill in the blanks:-

1. The camel lived in the of the Howling Desert.
2. The Animals were helping
3. The Ox had an on his neck.
4. The Camel looked at his own in the pool of water.
5. The camel can store..... in its hump for days.
6. The is in charge of all Deserts.

III. Refer to the context:-

1. “The Humph - thing in the Desert won’t work”.
 - i) Who spoke these words?
 - ii) To whom were they spoken?
 - iii) When were the words spoken?
2. “Is it right for anyone to lie idle?”
 - i) Who spoke the above words?
 - ii) To whom were they spoken?
 - iii) When were these words spoken?

IV. Give antonyms:-

- | | | |
|-------------|----------|----------|
| 1. begin | 2. long | 3. laugh |
| 4. anything | 5. right | 6. love |

Lesson - 8

Rude Ruby Robot

I. Answer in a sentence:-

1. How many Robots were studying in class 3?
2. Why did Rude Ruby Robot have no friends?
3. How does friendship work?
4. To what name did 3R change his name into?
5. Whom did Rude Ruby Robot push in class 3?
6. Who became Rude Ruby Robot’s friend?
7. Was the answer correctly told by Rude Ruby to the teacher.
8. Why do you think Rude Ruby was rude, selfish and stubborn?
9. What are the changes that had happened after Ruby met Billy?
10. What did Billy tell Ruby?

II. Fill in the blanks:-

1. The students of class 3 were actually
2. Ruby was of the class.
3. Friends are never
4. Ruby should have been feeling for what she did to Billy.
5. The teacher sternly asked Ruby to to Billy.

III. Refer to the context:-

1. "I won't", the person retorted
 - i) Which lesson is the above extract taken from?
 - ii) Who is the 'I' in the extract?
 - iii) Why is the person saying so?
2. "Why? I just pushed you".
 - i) Who said this and to whom?
 - ii) Is the person saying the above sentence politely or rudely?
 - iii) Who pushed whom?

IV. Think and answer:-

1. Why was she surprised when Billy wanted to her friends with her?

V. Give Antonyms:

- | | | | |
|---------|-----------|-------------|------------|
| 1. rude | 2. little | 3. avoid | 4. recent |
| 5. loud | 6. push | 7. together | 8. selfish |

ANSWER KEY
Lesson - 5
The Spider and the Fly

1.

1. Everyone knows that the spider's web or parlour is a snare to easily attract other insects.
2. The spider's web has pretty curtains drawn around, the sheets are fine and thin.
3. The author advises that don't listen to idle, silly, flattering words and to close your heart, ear and eye.
4. The spider admits that she is not as silly as she looks.
5. The winding stair leads to the spider's parlour.
6. A winding stair leads to the spider's web.
7. The spider uses the words pantry and goodies.
8. The fly was flattered when the spider sang for it and described her beauty of her wings. So she flit back to the web.

II.

1. party 2. and thin sheets 3. flit 4. the spider
5. smarter 6. crest, wings 7. heart, ear and eye

III.

1. i) Lesson 5 The Spider and the Fly
ii) The fly to itself
iii) The fly was taken away by the flattering words of the spider and so it said this.
2. i) The fly says this to the spider.
ii) 'You' is the spider.
iii) 'me' is the fly

- IV.** 1. discomfort 2. hatred 3. stationary 4. foolish
5. unlearn

Lesson 6
Miss Matty Plays a Game

I.

1. Only one month was left for the annual match to begin.
2. Miss Matty was talking a geography lesson on volcanoes.
3. It was Miss Swamp.
4. After ten days Coach Ahuja returned.
5. They won by two goals.
6. Mr. Nair was the principal of Summerville school.
7. At 5 a.m. in the morning.
8. Miss Matty became Miss Swamp.
9. They were Miss Matty and Miss Swamp.
10. Yes, they won the match by two goals.

- II.** 1. Sick 2. Matty 3. Obey 4. School football
5. won

III.1.) 'Miss Matty Plays a Game' written by Sutapa Basu, published at readomania.com.

- ii) It was said by Coach Ahuja to the boys of football.
- iii) The coach wanted to train them for the match.
2. i) Miss Matty.
ii) It was spoken to start the football practice.
iii) To make them work hard.
3. i) It was asked by Miss Swamp.
ii) Yes, they won the match.

- IV.** 1. win 2. unhappy 3. accept 4. active
5. healthy 6. slow 7. unfit 8. sweet

Lesson - 7

The Camel's Hump

- I.1. In the beginning the camel lived in the middle of the Howling Desert.
2. It was because the camel just said 'Hump' and did not do any work.
3. The Djinn is in charge of all the deserts.
4. Man wanted the other animals to do double-time work to make up for the camel's work.
5. The horse asked the camel to come out and trot like them.
6. The animals were not happy to do the double-time work and hence held a meetin.
7. It is adapted from "How the Camel Got His Hump" by Rudyard Kipling.
8. The Djinn had started puffing up and up in to a great big humph.
9. The camel would be able to work then for three days without eating because it can store food in its hump.

- II.** 1. middle 2. man 3. yoke
4. reflection 5. food, three 6. Djinn

- III.1 i) Man spoke these words
ii) It was spoken to all the other animals.
iii) It was spoken when the camel did not do its work.
2. i) It was spoken by the horse.
ii) To Djinn of all Deserts.
iii) It was spoken in the meeting of all the animals.

- IV.** 1. end 2. short 3. cry
4. everything 5. wrong 6. hate

Lesson - 8
Rude Ruby Robot

- I1. There are atleast thirty robot studying in class 3.
2. It was because she was Rude.
3. Only throug teamwork.
4. Into Rocking Ruby Robot.
5. She had pushed Billy.
6. Billy had become Ruby's friend.
7. No, she told the wrong answer.
8. It was becuse she was told by noone how to behave.
9. Ruby understood that she should learn to forgive and forget her friends and behave politely.
10. Billy told Ruby, that it was alright that she had pushed him and that it did not matter and she can be his friend.

II. 1. robots 2. rudest 3. rude 4. remorse 5. apologise

III1.i). Lesson 8 Rude Ruby Robot

ii) It is Ruby

iii) Ruby did not want to apologise to Billy

2. i) Ruby to Billy

ii) Ruby is saying this rudely.

iii) Ruby pushed Billy

IV. 1. It was because Ruby was not taught by anyone how to behave politely.

V. 1. polite 2. much/more 3. engage 4. late

5. soft 6. pull 7. seperate 8. generous

മലയാളം

പാഠം 6

കനിവിന്റെ മാലാഖ

1. കനിവിന്റെ മാലാഖ ആരാണ്?
2. മദർ തെരേസെ എവിടെയാണ് ജനിച്ചത്?
3. മദർ തെരേസയുടെ ആദ്യത്തെ പേരെന്താണ്?
4. മദർ തെരേസെ ആരംഭിച്ച സന്യാസിനി സമൂഹം ഏത്?
5. അനാഥകുട്ടികൾക്കായി മദർ തെരേസെ എന്താണ് തുടങ്ങിയത്?
6. പ്രായമായവരെ പരിചരിക്കുന്നതിനായി ആരംഭിച്ച സ്ഥാപനത്തിന്റെ പേര് എന്താണ്?
7. കുഷ്ഠരോഗികൾക്കായി സ്ഥാപിച്ച ഭവനങ്ങളുടെ പേരെന്താണ്?
8. ഏത് സ്ത്രീകളുടെ വേഷമാണ് മദർ തെരേസെ സ്വീകരിച്ചത്?
9. മദർ തെരേസയുടെ മനസ്സു നിറയെ എന്തായിരുന്നു?
10. ലോകം മദർ തെരേസെക്ക് നൽകിയ പേര്?
11. അശരണർക്കും അഗതികൾക്കും അനാഥർക്കും മദർ തെരേസെ ആരായിരുന്നു?
12. മദർ തെരേസെ എന്താണ് മരിച്ചത്?
13. ആരുമില്ലാത്തവരെ സ്നേഹിക്കുന്നത് എന്തുപോലെയാണെന്നാണ് മദർ തെരേസെ പറയുന്നത്?

പാഠം 7

പുഞ്ചിരി

1. കുഞ്ഞിന്റെ പുഞ്ചിരിയിൽ വിരിയുന്നതെന്ത്?
2. കുഞ്ഞിന്റെ പുഞ്ചിരിയിൽ തുള്ളുവുന്നതെന്ത്?
3. പുഞ്ചിരി എന്ന കവിത എഴുതിയത് ആര്?
4. ഉമ്മവെച്ചു ഉമ്മവെച്ച് സന്തോഷിക്കുന്ന കുഞ്ഞ് എന്നെ നോക്കി എന്താണ് ചെയ്യുന്നത്?
5. കുഞ്ഞിന്റെ പുഞ്ചിരിയിൽ സഞ്ചിതമായിരിക്കുന്നതെന്തൊക്കെയാണ്?
6. 'ചിരി' എന്ന വാക്കിനു മുമ്പിൽ ചേർത്തിരിക്കുന്ന ഒരു വാക്ക് പാഠഭാഗത്തു നിന്ന് എഴുതുക.

പാഠം 9

മണ്ണൊങ്കട്ടയും കരിയിലയും

1. 'മണ്ണൊങ്കട്ടയും കരിയിലയും' എന്ന കവിത എഴുതിയത് ആര്?
2. കരിയില മണ്ണൊങ്കട്ടയോട് എങ്ങോട്ട് പോകണം എന്നാണ് പറഞ്ഞത്?
3. കാശിക്ക് പോയാൽ എന്ത് ലഭിക്കും?
4. കാറ്റുവന്നപ്പോൾ മണ്ണൊങ്കട്ട കരിയിലയെ രക്ഷിച്ചത് എങ്ങനെ?
5. മഴവന്നപ്പോൾ കരിയില മണ്ണൊങ്കട്ടയെ രക്ഷിച്ചതെങ്ങനെ?
6. കരിയിലയുടെയും മണ്ണൊങ്കട്ടയുടെയും കഥ നൽകുന്ന സന്ദേശമെന്ത്?
7. കരിയില പോലെ പൊങ്ങി നിന്നു.
8. സൂര്യൻ പോലെ നിന്നു ജ്വലിച്ചു.
9. നിലാവ് പോലെ പെയ്തിറങ്ങി.

പാഠം 10

വൃദ്ധയുടെ പണസഞ്ചി

1. വൃദ്ധയായ സ്ത്രീ എന്ത് യാത്രയ്ക്കാണ് പോകാൻ തീരുമാനിച്ചത്?
2. വൃദ്ധ തന്റെ എന്ത് സൂക്ഷിക്കാനാണ് അയൽക്കാരനോട് അപേക്ഷിച്ചത്?
3. വൃദ്ധയുടെ അയൽക്കാരന്റെ പേരെന്തായിരുന്നു?
4. ഏത് മരത്തിന്റെ ചുവടെയാണ് വൃദ്ധ പണസഞ്ചി സൂക്ഷിച്ചത്?
5. അയൽക്കാരൻ പണസഞ്ചിയിലെ സ്വർണനാണയം എടുത്ത് പകരം എന്താണ് നിറച്ചത്?
6. വൃദ്ധ തന്റെ സങ്കടം ആരെയാണ് അറിയിച്ചത്?
7. ബീർബൽ ഗ്രാമത്തിലെ ആരെയാണ് വിളിച്ചുവരുത്തിയത്?
8. ബീർബൽ തുന്നൽക്കാരൻ എന്താണ് കാണിച്ചുകൊടുത്തത്?
9. സഞ്ചി ആരുടെയാണെന്നാണ് തുന്നൽക്കാരൻ പറഞ്ഞത്?

പാഠം 11

പാറുക പാറുക പൊൻകൊടിയേ

1. 'പാറുക പാറുക പൊൻകൊടിയേ' എന്ന കവിത എഴുതിയത് ആര്?
2. മുവർണ്ണക്കൊടിയിലെ നിറങ്ങളെന്തൊക്കെ?

3. കുങ്കുമനിറത്തിന്റെ അർഥമെന്ത്?
4. വിശുദ്ധനിറമായി പതാകയിലുള്ളത് ഏത് നിറം?
5. പച്ചനിറം എന്തിനെ സൂചിപ്പിക്കുന്നു?
6. പതാകയുടെ നടുവിൽ എന്താണുള്ളത്?
7. അശോകചക്രം എന്തിനെ സൂചിപ്പിക്കുന്നു?
8. മുവർണ്ണക്കൊടി എന്നാൽ എന്താണർഥമാക്കുന്നത്?
9. 'പാറുക പാറുക പൊൻകൊടിയേ' എന്ന കവിത ഏത് കൃതിയിൽ നിന്ന് എടുത്തതാണ്?

ഉത്തരങ്ങൾ

പാഠം 6 - കനിവിന്റെ മാലാഖ

- | | |
|---|---------------------------------|
| 1. മദർതൈരേസ | 2. യുഗോസ്ലാവിയ |
| 3. ആസസ് | 4. മിഷനറീസ് ഓഫ് ചാരിറ്റി |
| 5. നിർമ്മൽ ശിശുഭവൻ | 6. നിർമ്മൽ ഹൃദയ് |
| 7. പ്രേംദാൻ, പ്രേംനിവാസ് | 8. കുലിപ്പണിക്കാരായ സ്ത്രീകളുടെ |
| 9. സ്നേഹം | 10. അഗതികളുടെ അമ്മ |
| 11. കനിവിന്റെ ഒരു മാലാഖ | 12. 1997 - സെപ്തംബർ 5 |
| 13. ദൈവത്തെ സേവിക്കുന്നതിന് തുല്യമാണെന്ന് | |

പാഠം 7 - പുഞ്ചിരി

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| 1. പനിനീർപ്പൂക്കൾ | 2. തേൻതുളളി |
| 3. വള്ളത്തോൾ നാരായണമേനോൻ | 4. ഉല്ലാസമുൾക്കൊള്ളുന്നു |
| 5. വിണ്ണിനുചേർന്ന വിശിഷ്ടവിശുദ്ധികൾ | |
| 6. മെല്ലെച്ചിരിക്കുകയായ് | |

പാഠം 9- മണ്ണാകട്ടയും കരിയിലയും

- | | |
|----------------------|---|
| 1. പാലാ നാരായണൻ നായർ | 2. കാശിക്ക് |
| 3. പുണ്യം | 4. മണ്ണാകട്ട കരിയിലയുടെ പുറത്ത് കയറി ഇരുന്നു. |
| 5. കൂടയായി നിന്ന് | 6. പരസ്പരം സഹായിച്ച് ജീവിക്കണം. |
| 7. കൂടപോലെ | 8. തീക്കട്ടപോലെ |
| 9. പാൽപോലെ | |

പാഠം 10 - വൃദ്ധയുടെ പണസഞ്ചി

- | | |
|-------------------|---------------|
| 1. തീർത്ഥയാത്ര | 2. പണസഞ്ചി |
| 3. വിഷ്ണു | 4. വേപ്പ് മരം |
| 5. ചെമ്പുകഷ്ണങ്ങൾ | 6. ബീർബൽ |
| 7. തുന്നൽക്കാരനെ | 8. സഞ്ചി |
| 9. വിഷ്ണുവിന്റെ | |

പാഠം 11 - പാറുക പാറുക പൊൻകൊടിയേ

- | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. സി.പി. പള്ളിപ്പുറം | 2. പച്ച, വെള്ള, കുങ്കുമം |
| 3. ത്യാഗത്തിന്റെ നിറം | 4. വെള്ള |
| 5. സമൃദ്ധിയെ | 6. അശോകചക്രം |
| 7. നാടിന്റെ അഭിമാനത്തെ | 8. മൂന്ന് നിറമുള്ള ദേശീയ പതാക |
| 9. അമ്പിളിപ്പുത്തോണി | |

HINDI

पाठ - 6

सुब्रह्मण्य भारती

I. वाक्य पूरा करो।

1. सुलेखा को प्रतियोगिता में प्रथम पुरस्कार मिला।
2. सुलेखा ने का गीत गाया।
3. भारती जी में और की लगन थी।
4. भारती जी ने ओजस्वी लिखीं।

II. एक शब्द में उत्तर दो।

1. सुब्बैया कौन है?
2. कितने साल में सुब्रह्मण्य को 'भारती' को उपाधि मिली थी?
3. कितने साल से सुब्रह्मण्य ने कविता लिखने लगे थे?
4. किस राजा ने सुब्रह्मण्य को भारती की उपाधि से विभूषित किया?
5. भारती जी कैसे कवि थे?
6. सुलेखा ने भारती जी का कौन-सा गीत गाया था?
7. इस पाठ में किसके बारे में कहा गया है?
8. इस पाठ में सुब्रह्मण्य भारती के बारे में कौन चर्चा कर रहे हैं?

पाठ - 7

नीम हमारा दोस्त

I. जोड़े मिलाओ।

1. नीम - aloe-vera
2. मधुमेह - दातुन

3. नीम की टहनियों से - उपहार
4. ग्वार-पाठा - फोड़े-फुंसियों पर
5. छाल को पीसकर - diabetes

II. एक शब्द में उत्तर दो।

1. नीम हमारा दोस्त पाठ में किस पेड़ के बारे में चर्चा की गई है?
2. नीम हमारा दोस्त पाठ में कौन-कौन चर्चा कर रहे है?
3. नीम की पत्तियों का स्वाद कैसा है?
4. नीम की पत्तियाँ खाने से क्या साफ़ होता है?
5. किसी एक रोग का नाम लिखो।
6. नीम की दातुन से दाँतों में क्या नहीं लगता?
7. नीम की पत्तियों पर सूर्य की किरणें पड़ने पर क्या शुद्ध हो जाती है?
8. किन्ही पाँच पेड़ों के नाम लिखो?
9. आनाज और गरम कपड़ों में क्या रखने से कीड़ा नहीं लगता?
10. अप्पू की माँ नीम की पत्तियाँ उबालकर उसे क्या कराती हैं?

पाठ - 8

पोंगल

I. एक शब्द में उत्तर दो।

1. पोंगल कहाँ पर मनाया जाता है?
2. किस दिन घरों को झाड़-पोंछकर साफ़ करते हैं?
3. कोलम किससे बनाते हैं?
4. मट्टू-पोंगल के दिन किसका पूजन करते हैं?
5. चावल, दूध, शक्कर और नारियल से बनाये जाने वाले व्यंजन का नाम लिखो।

II. वाक्य पूरा करो।

1. गोबर से की मूर्तियाँ बनाई जाती है।
2. बैलों और पशुओं को नहलाकर का तिलक लगाते हैं।
3. पोंगल के दिन का आयोजन किया जाता है।
4. के पत्तों की मालाएँ पहनाते हैं।
5. बैलों को खिल्लाते हैं।

III. भारत में मनाए जाने वाले पाँच त्योहारों के नाम लिखो।

पाठ - 9

हैदराबाद की सैर

I. एक शब्द में उत्तर दो।

1. “हैदराबाद की सैर” इस पाठ में किसने-किससे पत्र लिखा?
2. हैदराबाद के कुछ दर्शनीय स्थलों के नाम लिखो।
3. हैदराबाद में कौन-सी भाषा बोलते है?
4. हैदराबाद के जूड़वाँ शहर का नाम लिखो।
5. “हैदराबाद की सैर” इस पाठ में आए दो दोस्तों का नाम लिखो।

II. वाक्य पूरे करो।

1. मुझे रोज़ कहीं-न-कहीं ले जाती है।
2. चारमीनार की बहुत ऊँची हैं।
3. सालारजंग संग्रहालय में और रखी हैं।
4. गुंबद की नीचे ताली बजाओ तो तक आवाज़ सुनाई पड़ती है।

पाठ - 10

प्यारी छब्बीस जनवरी आई

I. एक शब्द में उत्तर लिखो।

1. प्यारी छब्बीस जनवरी आई कविता के रचयिता कौन हैं?
2. शिवराज भारतीय द्वारा रचित कविता का नाम लिखो।

II. वाक्य पूरे करो।

1. के नारों से गूँज उठे आँगन-गलियारे।
2. देश-प्रेम की से जोश जगाते बच्चे प्यारे।
3. जीना-मरना की खातिर।

Answer key

पाठ - 6 सुब्रह्मण्य भारती

I.

1. संगीत
2. सुब्रह्मण्य भारती
3. देश सेवा, साहित्य सेवा
4. कविताएँ

II.

1. बालकवि
2. ग्यारह साल
3. सात साल से
4. एट्ठयपुर के
5. प्रतिभाशाली
6. हम करेंगे आज भारत देश का जयगान
7. सुब्रह्मण्य भारती
8. सुलेखा और विजयलक्ष्मी

पाठ - 7 नीम हमारा दोस्त

I.

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------|
| 1. उपहार | 2. diabetes |
| 3. दातुन | 4. aloe-vera |
| 5. फोड़े-फुंसियों पर | |

II.

- | | |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. नीम | 2. अप्पू और दादी |
| 3. कड़वा | 4. खून |
| 5. मधुमेह | 6. कीड़ा |
| 7. हवा | 8. आँवला, नीम, आम, नारियल, पपीता |
| 9. नीम की सूखी पत्तियाँ | 10. स्नान |

पाठ - 8 पोंगल

I.

- | | |
|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. तमिलनाडु में | 2. बोगी के दिन |
| 3. चावल को पीसकर | 4. पालतू पशुओं और हल तथा औज़ार की |
| 5. पोंगल | |

II.

- | | | |
|------------------------|----------------|----------|
| 1. गणेश | 2. हल्दी-कुंकम | |
| 3. बैलगाड़ियों की दौड़ | 4. ताड़ | 5. पोंगल |

III. दिपावली, होली, पोंगल, क्रिसमस, ओणम

पाठ - 9 हैदरबाद की सैर

I.

1. रघु ने मुरली को
2. चारमीनार, हुसैन सागर झील, सालारजंग संग्रहालय, बिड़ला मंदिर
3. तेलुगू
4. सिंदराबाद
5. मुरली और रघु रमन

II.

1. मौसी जी
2. मीनारें
3. पुरानी, सुंदर चीज़ें
4. आधा-किलोमीटर

पाठ - 10 प्यारी छब्बीस जनवरी आई

I.

1. शिवराज भारतीय
2. प्यारी छब्बीस जनवरी आई

II.

1. वीर शहीदों
2. मीठी धुन
3. देश

EVS

Chapter - 8

Insects and Worms

I. Fill in the blanks:-

1. A worm body is divided into many
2. Bees live in
3. The body of an insect consist of parts.
4. ants eat only fruits and grass.
5. is an example of water insect.

II. Give examples for

1. Two examples of worm -
2. Water insects -
3. Two social insects -
4. Diseases spread by housefly -
5. Two insects using wings -

III. True or False

1. All the insects help us.
2. Insects have backbone.
3. Queen ant collects the food and take care of the colony.
4. Earthworm and leeches are examples of worms.
5. All insects have seven legs.

Chapter - 10

Food for Everyone

I. Fill in the blanks:-

1. is the an example of cereals
2. We must drink plenty of
3. helps our body to grow

4. is a complete food.
5. People in the states generally eat rice and rice products.

II. Give examples for

1. Two sea food eaten by us-
2. Name the two staple food-
3. Name any two nutrients-
4. Name any 2 underground stem-
5. Name any product we get from animals-

Chapter -11 **Cooking Food**

I. Fill in the blanks

1. Pulses and rice are in water.
2. We eat some food and cook others.
3. Puris and pakoras are cooked by
4. and tandoors are used in villages to cook food.
5. The are made of different shapes and sizes.

II. True or False

1. People use induction stove for cooking food .
2. A solar cooker uses sunlight as fuel .
3. Cooking food makes it unsafe to eat.
4. Fried food is oily and good for health.
5. We should not wash vegetables after cutting.

III. Give examples

1. Two examples of utensils used in your house.
2. Name two types of fuel used for cooking in villages.
3. Two different metals which is used for making utensils

4. Two ways of cooking food
5. Two food cooked by baking.

L-12

Houses we live in

I. Give examples

1. Two model of kachcha house-
2. Two special houses-
3. Two types of pattern used to decorate the house-
4. Two materials used to make puccahouse-
5. Two things a good house should have-

II Fill up:

1. Houses in the hilly areas are made of
2. kills germs.
3. We must waste every day
4. A house floating on water is called a
5. An area,especially in a city ,with a lot of huts close together is called a

III. True or False:

1. Kachcha houses are made of bricks and cement.
2. A house protect us from only rain.
3. Houses are built according to the climate of a place
4. Wigwams are houses with rounded roofs.
5. Curtains protect us from dust and too much sunlight.

Answer Key

Chapter - 8 Insects and Worms

- I.** 1. Segments 2. Colonies 3. Three
4. Black 5. any answer (mayflies/stoneflies)
- II.** 1. Earthworm, leeches 2. Mayflies/Stoneflies
3. ant, honeybee 4. typhoid, dysentery
5. dragonfly, butterfly
- III.** 1. False 2. False 3. False 4. True 5. False

Chapter - 10 Food for Everyone

- I.** 1. Rice 2. water 3. Proteins
4. Milk 5. southern
- II.** 1. fish, crab 2. rice, wheat
3. Proteins, vitamins, minerals 4. potato, ginger
5. honey, milk

Chapter -11 Cooking Food

- I.** 1. boiled 2. raw 3. frying
4. Chullahs 5. utensils
- II.** 1. True 2. True 3. False
4. False 5. True
- III.** 1. wok, pan 2. coal, cowdung cakes
3. brass, steel 4. boiling, baking
5. cake, bread

L-12

Houses we live in

- I.** 1. hut, tent 2. wooden house, stilt houses
3. rangoli, alpana 4. sand, bricks
5. verandah, doors
- II.** 1. wood 2. sunlight 3. dispose
4. houseboat 5. slum
- III.** 1. False 2. False 3. True
4. True 5. True

MATHS
Chapter - 4
MULTIPLICATION

I. Fill in the blanks.

1. Answer in multiplication is called
2. $4 \times 3 = 6 \times \dots\dots$
3. 8 spiders have legs.
4. Any number multiplied by zero is always
5. The numbers that are multiplied to get a product are called
6. Multiplication is also called repeated
7. 7×7 0×7 (use >, <, =)
8. $609 \times 10 = \dots\dots$
9. The product of $8 \times 5 \times 0$ is
10. $9 \times \dots\dots = 81$
11. Number of days in 2 weeks is
12. The product of $(3 \times 6) \times 100$ is
13. $7 \times 5 = \dots\dots \times 7$
14. $\dots\dots \times 900 = 9000$
15. a) How many oranges are there in a dozen?
b) earrings in 5 pairs.
16. $43 \times \dots\dots = 97 \times 0$
17. 3 dozen eggs =eggs.
18. The product of $12 \times 10 \times 4$ is
19. 5×8 tens =
20. Product of smallest 3 digit number and the greatest 1 digit number is ..

II. Do as directed:

1. A postman delivers 235 letters everyday. How many letters does he deliver in 10 days?
2. Shreya has 52 ten rupee notes. How much money does she have?
3. Multiply
 - a) 679×4
 - b) 24×7
 - c) 28×32
4. There are 200 fishes in each tank. How many fishes in 4 tanks?
5. 18 bikes 2 people on each bike. How many people in all?
6. A dring factory produces 40 cans each minute. How many cans are produced in 10 minutes?
7. A queen had 16 children. She gave each of her 14 children 8 gold coins each. How many gold coins did she give in all?
8. Multiply
 - a) 89×48
 - b) 786×7
 - c) 17×43
9. A strip of medicine has 15 tablets. How many tablets will a dozen such strips have?
10. How much do 58 pencils cost at ₹14 each?
11. A fruitseller bought 3 baskets of 252 mangoes each and 3 baskets of 175 chikkoos each to sell in the market. How many fruits did he have to sell in all?
12. A large hospital has 157 rooms for patients. If each room has 7 beds. How many beds are there in all?
13. Julie work as a nurse in a hospital. She works 8 hours a day for 6 days a week. How many hours does she work in 25 weeks?
14. For Republic day, each child in Class III A made 25 flags. If there are 39 children in Class III A. How many flags were made in all?
15. Shilpa can skip 26 times in one minute. How many skips can she make in half an hour?

Chapter - 5

DIVISION

I. Fill in the blanks.

1. is the symbol for division.
2. The answer in division is called
3. $0 \div 45 = \dots\dots$
4. $69 \div 69 = \dots\dots$
5. The number to be divided is called the
6. $87 \div 1 = \dots\dots$
7. 15 shared equally by 3 is for each.
8. Dividend \div Divisor =
9. Which symbol makes the sentence true?
 $18 \square 6 = 3$
a) + b) \div c) \times
10. The number that we are dividing by is called
11. There are 6's in 30.
12. $100 \div \dots\dots = 1$
13. $16 \div 4 = \dots\dots$ as $4 \times 4 = \dots\dots$
14. Any number divided by itself will give as the quotient.
15. 12 put into equal groups of 4 are groups.
16. If $1 \times 3 = 3$, $3 \div 3 = \dots\dots$
17. $\dots\dots \div 5 = 2$
18. $49 \times 1 \square 49 \div 1$ (use $>$, $<$, $=$)
19. If 10 is half of a number, the number is
20. If 20 is double of a number, the number is

II. Do as directed:

- Solve using repeated subtraction
 - $10 \div 2 =$
- In the division statement $2 \times 8 = 16$ identify dividend, divisor and quotient.
- Write multiplication facts for
 - ★ ★ ★
★ ★ ★
- Write division facts for
 - ○ ○ ○
○ ○ ○ ○
- 12 apples. 4 bowls. How many apples in each bowl?
- Use the numbers 45, 5, 9 to build all the multiplication and division facts.
- Use each multiplication sentence to write two division facts
 - $4 \times 6 = 24$
- Solve
 - $36 \div 9 =$
 - $48 \div 8 =$
 - $49 \div 7 =$
- Fifty four balloons are distributed equally among 6 girls. How many balloons does each girl have to blow?
- Divide the smallest 2 digit number by 1, the answer is
- How many 10 rupee pens can I buy with 50 rupees?
- How many times can 8 be taken away from 56?
- Which of the following is the same as 5 times 7?
 - $5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5$
 - $7 + 7 + 7 + 7 + 7$
 - $7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7$
 - $5 + 5 + 5$

14. There are 2 coins in the first pile, 3 coins in the second pile, 3 coins in the third pile. Abhay equally shares the coins with Aadith. How many coins does Aadith get?
15. Which of these division problems has an answer 8?
 - a) $18 \div 2$
 - b) $32 \div 4$
 - c) $27 \div 3$

Chapter - 6

MORE DIVISION

I. Fill in the blanks.

1. Dividend \div = Quotient
2. $42 \div 6 =$
3. (Quotient \times Divisor) + = Dividend.
4. $22 \div 2$ Q =, R =
5. The number that is left over in division is called the
6. $63 \div 7 =$
7. $376 \div 2 \rightarrow$ Q = 188 , R = 0 - T/F
8. $20 \div 8$ Q =, R =
9. $86 \div 9$ Q =, R =
10. Double of 50 =
11. In the division, $75 \div 5$, the Quotient is
12. In the division $759 \div 4$, the remainder is
13. Division is repeated
14. $699 \div 8$, Q =, R =
15. $85 \div 6$, Q =, R =
16. Check whether the given quotients and remainders are correct. Circle the ones which are wrong.
 - a) $70 \div 3$ Q = 23, R = 1

b) $56 \div 6$ Q = 9, R = 0

c) $22 \div 8$ Q = 12, R = 8

d) $91 \div 7$ Q = 3, R = 0

17. $604 \div 6$, from this division question find out dividend, divisor, quotient and remainder.
18. If quotient = 10, divisor = 5, remainder = 2, then dividend =
19. Tick the correct remainder
- a) $203 \div 2$
- i) 4 ii) 3 iii) 1
- b) $119 \div 3$
- i) 3 ii) 2 iii) 1
20. Amit is 2926 days old. To find his age in weeks, you will divide 2926 by
- a) 1 b) 3 c) 5 d) 7

II. Do as directed:

- Which is larger - $49 \div 1$ or $0 \div 49$
- 8 erasers cost ₹16. What is the cost of an eraser?
- For a party 40 chairs were arranged in 5 rows. How many chairs did the host arrange in each row?
- Reena pastes 6 stamps on one page of her stamp album. How many pages will she need to paste 96 stamps?
- James planted 75 trees equally in 3 rows. How many trees did he plant in each row?
- Akhila distributed 24 chocolates equally among 8 children. How many chocolates did each child get?
- 63 books were kept on shelves with 9 books on each shelf. How many shelves were used?

8. Divide
a) $428 \div 4$ b) $174 \div 6$ c) $73 \div 3$
9. How many pairs are there in 24 earrings?
10. A book of 36 pages had 6 chapters of equal pages. How many pages were there in each chapter?
11. If 5 slabs of chocolates cost ₹95. What is the cost of 1 slab of chocolate?
12. How many pairs in 32 socks?
13. 8 icecreams cost ₹464. How much does 1 icecream cost?
14. 350 books were to be arranged in 6 book shelves. How many books would be there in a shelf? How many would be left over?
15. Divide
a) $500 \div 4$ b) $804 \div 6$ c) $432 \div 9$

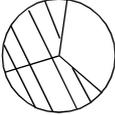
Chapter - 7

FRACTIONS

I. Fill in the blanks.

- $\frac{1}{2}$ is same as
- In the fraction $\frac{3}{7}$, the numerator is
- When the numerator is 1, the fraction is called fraction.
- A fraction that has same numerator and denominator has the value....
- Two third of the national flag is white True/False.
- $\frac{1}{2}$ of 8 is
- A names equal parts of a whole or of a group.
- In the fraction $\frac{4}{9}$, the denominator is
- One fourth or $\frac{1}{4}$ is also called a
- $\frac{1}{3}$ of 9 is

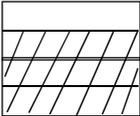
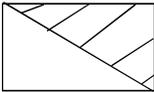
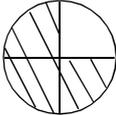
11. $\frac{1}{3}$ of an hour = minutes.
12. Fraction with numerator 15 and denominator 19 is
13. The fraction for three fourths is
14.  The fraction for the unshaded part is
15. Out of 12 chocolates, Reghu ate one fourth of the chocolates. How many did he eat?
16. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 27 is
17. The fraction for three mangoes out of five fruits is
18. $\frac{1}{2}$ of a dozen eggs = eggs.

19.  The fraction for the shaded area is

20. Which fraction is equal to 1?

- a) $\frac{3}{3}$ b) $\frac{3}{4}$ c) $\frac{2}{3}$

II. Do as directed

1. Ajay had 5 blue balls in a bag. He put 3 red balls in the bag. What fraction of the balls was red?
2. Which shape is shown half shaded?
 - a) 
 - b) 
 - c) 
3. There are 10 fruits in the basket. 4 are apples and 6 are oranges. What fraction is of oranges?
4. In a test Anu got 8 marks out 15. What fraction of the mark did she get?
5. What fraction of the Indian flag is white?
6. Ravi and Manu collected 15 stamps. As Manu collected one-fifth of them. How many stamps did Manu collect?

7. There are 20 people standing in a queue at the ticket counter. One-fourth of the people in the queue are women. How many women are standing in the queue?
8. There are 8 birds on a branch of tree. One half of the birds flew away. How many birds are left on the branch?
9. Complete

	a	b	c	d
Numerator	5	1		
Denominator	8		7	
Fraction		$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{7}$	$\frac{4}{9}$

10. What fraction of the shapes are triangles?



11. How many fourths make up a whole?
12. How many more parts are to be shaded to make $\frac{1}{2}$ part shaded?



13. Out of 24 stationery items in a bag. $\frac{1}{3}$ rd are pencils. How many pencils are there?
14. How many months are in $\frac{1}{4}$ of a year?
15. Nisha got 4 pastries from a bakery. She served 2 of them to the guests and kept the remaining in the refrigerator. What fraction of the pastries are kept in the refrigerator?

Chapter - 10

TIME

I. Fill in the blanks.

1. A quarter of an hour = minutes.
2. AM stands for
3. The short hand of the clock is hand.
4. Half an hour meansminutes.
5. The hour hand takes minutes to complete 1 hour.
6. The month which has neither 31 days nor 30 days is
7. hand moves fastest in a clock.
8. 1 century = years
9. When the short hand is at 4 and the long hand is at 12. The time is
10. 1 year = days
11. The minute hand takes minutes to move from 3 to 9.
12. 6 months after June is
13. The first month of the year is
14. 1 millenium = years.
15. 12 hours + 12 hours =
16. The minute hand moves times round the clock in a day.
17. 2 hours = minutes.
18. There are days in a leap year.
19. 2 hours after 3:45 is
20. 1 hour before 5:20 is

II. Do as directed.

1. 20 minutes to 2, can be written as
a) 1:40 b) 20:2 c) 5:10
2. 4:45 pm is
a) morning b) afternoon c) night

3. Write 9:15 pm in words
4. Meenu had her lunch at 2
a) am b) pm c) cm
5. Which is the 6th month of the year?
6. Which day comes last in a year
a) Independence day
b) Republic day
c) Childrens day
7. How much time will quarter past 4 takes to be half past 4
a) 6 hrs b) 60 minutes c) 15 minutes
8. Navya was born on 29th february. Her birthday comes
a) every year b) twice in a year c) after every 4 years
9. It is 2:00 pm now. What will be the time after 2 hours.
10. Match
Quarter to 4 4 : 30
Quarter past 4 3 : 45
Half past 4 4 : 15
11. Maya and Seema have been friends for 2 years. How many months make 2 years?
12. If the date was 7th on Saturday. What will be the date on next Saturday?
13. Draw a clock to show the time
a) 7 : 30 b) 2 : 45 c) 9 : 15
14. How many months in a year have 31 days. Name them.
15. If today is Thursday, what day was it day before yesterday.
a) Tuesday b) Friday c) Sunday

Answer Key
Chapter - 4
MULTIPLICATION

I. Fill in the blanks.

- | | | | |
|------------|-------------|-----------|----------|
| 1) Product | 2) 2 | 3) 64 | 4) 0 |
| 5) Factors | 6) addition | 7) > | 8) 6090 |
| 9) 0 | 10) 9 | 11) 14 | 12) 1800 |
| 13) 5 | 14) 10 | 15) a) 12 | b) 10 |
| 16) 0 | 17) 36 | 18) 480 | |
| 19) 400 | 20) 900 | | |

II. Do as directed:

1. 2350 letters
2. ₹520
3. a) 2716 b) 168 c) 896
4. 800 fishes
5. 36 people
6. 400 cans
7. 112 coins
8. a) 4272 b) 5502 c) 731
9. 180 tablets
10. 812
11. 1281 fruits
12. 1099 beds
13. 1200 hours
14. 975 flags
15. 780 skips

Chapter - 5

DIVISION

I. Fill in the blanks.

- | | |
|--------------|-------------|
| 1. \div | 2. Product |
| 3. 0 | 4. 1 |
| 5. dividend | 6. 87 |
| 7. 5 | 8. Quotient |
| 9. b) \div | 10. divisor |
| 11. 5 | 12. 100 |
| 13. 4, 16 | 14. 1 |
| 15. 3 | 16. 1 |
| 17. 10 | 18. = |
| 19. 20 | 20. 10 |

II. Do as directed:

- $10 - 2 = 8$ (1)
 $8 - 2 = 6$ (2)
 $6 - 2 = 4$ (3)
 $4 - 2 = 2$ (4)
 $2 - 2 = 0$ (5)
- 2 - Dividend, 8- Divisor, 16- Quotient
- a) $3 \times 2 = 6$, $2 \times 3 = 6$
- a) $8 \div 2 = 4$, $8 \div 4 = 2$
- 3 apples
- Multiplication facts = $5 \times 9 = 45$, $9 \times 5 = 45$
Division facts = $45 \div 9 = 5$, $45 \div 5 = 9$
- $24 \div 4 = 6$, $24 \div 6 = 4$

8. a) 4 b) 6 c) 7
9. 9 balloons
10. $10 \div 1 = 10$
11. 5
12. $56 \div 8 = 7$ times
13. C
14. 4
15. b) $32 \div 4$

Chapter - 6
MORE DIVISION

I. Fill in the blanks.

1. Divisor
2. 7
3. Remainder
4. $Q = 11, R = 0$
5. remainder
6. 9
7. T
8. $Q = 2, R = 2$
9. $Q = 9, R = 5$
10. 100
11. 15
12. 3
13. Subtraction
14. $Q = 87, R = 3$
15. $Q = 14, R = 1$

16. b) $56 \div 6$ $Q = 9, R = 0$
c) $22 \div 8$ $Q = 12, R = 8$
d) $91 \div 7$ $Q = 3, R = 0$
17. dividend = 604, divisor = 6, quotient = 100, remainder = 4
18. 52
19. a) iii) 1
b) ii) 2
20. d) 7

II. Do as directed:

1. $49 \div 1$
2. ₹2
3. 8 chairs
4. 16 pages
5. 25 trees
6. 3 chocolates
7. 7 shelves
8. a) $Q = 53, R = 4$ b) $Q = 29, R = 0$ c) $Q = 24, R = 1$
9. 12 pairs
10. 6 pages
11. ₹19
12. 16 pairs
13. ₹58
14. Books in a shelf = 58, Left over = 2
15. a) $Q = 125, R = 0$ b) $Q = 134, R = 0$ c) $Q = 48, R = 0$

Chapter - 7
FRACTIONS

I. Fill in the blanks.

- | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| 1. one half | 2. 3 |
| 3. unit | 4. 1 |
| 5. F | 6. 4 |
| 7. Fraction | 8. 9 |
| 9. Quarter | 10. 3 |
| 11. 20 | 12. $\frac{15}{19}$ |
| 13. $\frac{3}{4}$ | 14. $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| 15. 3 chocolates | 16. 9 |
| 17. $\frac{3}{5}$ | 18. 6 |
| 19. $\frac{2}{3}$ | 20. $\frac{3}{3}$ |

II. Do as directed

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1. $\frac{3}{5}$ | 2. b |
| 3. $\frac{6}{10}$ | 4. $\frac{8}{15}$ |
| 5. $\frac{1}{3}$ | 6. 3 stamps |
| 7. 5 women | 8. 4 birds |

9.		a	b	c	d
	Numerator	5	1	2	4
	Denominator	8	3	7	9
	Fraction	$\frac{5}{8}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{7}$	$\frac{4}{9}$

10. $\frac{3}{10}$
11. 4

12. 3
13. 8 pencils
14. 3 months
15. $\frac{2}{4}$ or $\frac{1}{2}$

Chapter - 10

TIME

I. Fill in the blanks.

- | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| 1. 15 | 2. antemeridian |
| 3. hour | 4. 30 |
| 5. 60 | 6. February |
| 7. Second | 8. 100 |
| 9. 4 o'clock | 10. 365 |
| 11. 30 | 12. December |
| 13. January | 14. 1000 |
| 15. 24 hours, 1 day | 16. 24 |
| 17. 120 | 18. 366 |
| 19. 5 : 45 | 20. 4 : 20 |

II. Do as directed.

1. 1:40
2. afternoon
3. Quarter past 9
4. pm
5. June
6. Childrens day
7. 15 minutes
8. after every 4 years
9. 4:00 pm

- 10. Quarter to 4 3 : 45
- Quarter past 4 4 : 15
- Half past 4 4 : 30

11. 24 months

12. 14th

13.



14. 7 months - January, March, May, July, August, October and December

15. Tuesday
